

Rick Holmes, CBO

Items needed to acquire permits for repair of damaged homes in a Special Flood Hazard Area (SFHA). For structures located outside of a special flood hazard area, normal permitting procedures apply.

- 1. Completed and signed permit application. (Included)
- 2. Official Elevation certificate. (See Q & A below)
- 3. Completed Damage Repair Worksheet. (Included)

Continue with items below if the structure is non-conforming. (See definition below)

- 4. Completed Property Owner's Damage Affidavit. (Included)
- 5. Completed Contractor's Damage Affidavit. (Included)
- 6. **Pre-damaged appraised market value of the structure from a licensed appraiser.** (Optional, see how is market value determined below)

Notice of Determination of substantial damage will be issued upon request. (Sample included)

Questions and Answers

What is a 'non-conforming structure'? Existing structures that have the lowest finished floor below the required elevation are non-conforming.

What is the FEMA 50% rule? Bay County participates in the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) making affordable flood insurance available for structures within its jurisdiction through FEMA. The FEMA 50% Rule is a requirement for participation in this program. It limits the cost of repairs to non-conforming structures to less than 50% of the "Market Value" of the structure prior to the Flood. If your home is below the FEMA required flood elevation, the County has flood damage prevention regulations that will affect repair your home.

What if the cost of repair exceeds 50% of the market value? If a building is 'substantially damaged' or 'substantially improved', it must be brought into compliance with Bay County floodplain regulations, which may include elevating the building to or above the 100 year flood elevation. Likewise, all electrical and mechanical equipment, bathrooms, and laundry rooms would need to be elevated. Only parking, building access and storage is allowed below the flood level.

Cost of Improvement or Cost to Repair to Pre-Damage Condition

≥ 50%

What is Substantial Damage? Damage of any origin sustained by a structure whereby the cost of restoring the structure to it's before damage condition would equal or exceed 50 percent of the market value of the structure before the damage occurred. (Note: The cost of the repairs must include all costs necessary to fully repair the structure to its "before damage" condition.) Bay County has a 10 year cumulative substantial damage clause in its floodplain management ordinance. This means that the County includes the cost of any repairs or improvements made to the home within the last ten years when making substantial damage determinations.

Where can I obtain an Elevation Certificate? Elevation Certificates must be prepared and certified by a Licensed Land Surveyor, Registered Professional Engineer or Registered Architect who is authorized by state or local law to certify elevation information. If an Elevation Certificate has been prepared for your property, you may be able to obtain it from the property developer or the Bay County Floodplain Manager may have a copy. Bay County Floodplain Manager (850) 248-8250

How is 'market value' determined? Bay County will use the assessed value of your structure recorded by the Bay County Property Appraisers Office, plus the recommended adjustment factor. Only the value of the structure is pertinent, the value of the site improvements such as pools, accessory structures, fences, landscaping, docks, etc. are not included. If you disagree with the Bay County Property Appraisers Office valuation of the structure, you may engage a State of Florida licensed property appraiser to submit a comparable property appraisal for the pre-damage market value of the structure. The appraised value of the structure less the value of all forms of depreciation is the 'market value'.

When do I need to submit a Repair Cost Form? When a structure is non-conforming you must provide an estimate of the cost to perform the proposed improvements or repairs if your building has been damaged. The cost estimate must include all work required to repair the building to its pre-damage condition. The cost estimate must include all labor and materials. If the work will be done by a contractor, the contractor's overhead and profit must be included. If the work will be done by the owner or volunteers, market rates must be used to estimate the cost of materials and the value of labor. Attached to this notice is a list of costs that must be included and costs that are excluded.

Who can I contact for more information? For answers to any questions regarding Bay County Floodplain Regulations contact Bay County Floodplain Manager, Wayne Porter at 850-248-8250 or wporter@baycountyfl.gov.

Costs for Substantial Improvements and Repair of Substantial Damage

Included Costs

Items that must be included in the costs of improvement or costs to repair are those that are directly associated with the building. The following list of costs that must be included is not intended to be exhaustive, but characterizes the types of costs that must be included:

- Materials and labor, including the estimated value of donated or discounted materials and owner or volunteered labor
- Site preparation related to the improvement or repair (foundation excavation, filling in basements)
- Demolition and construction debris disposal
- Labor and other costs associated with demolishing, moving, or altering building components to accommodate improvements, additions, and making repairs
- Costs associated with complying with any other regulation or code requirement that is triggered by the work, including costs to comply with the requirements of the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA)
- Costs associated with elevating a structure to an elevation that is lower than the BFE
- Construction management and supervision
- Contractor's overhead and profit
- Sales taxes on materials
- Structural elements and exterior finishes, including:
 - Foundations (e.g., spread or continuous foundation footings, perimeter walls, chainwalls, pilings, columns, posts, etc.)
 - Monolithic or other types of concrete slabs
 - Bearing walls, tie beams, trusses
 - Joists, beams, subflooring, framing, ceilings
 - Interior non-bearing walls
 - Exterior finishes (e.g., brick, stucco, siding, painting, and trim)

- Structural elements and exterior finishes (cont.):
 - Windows and exterior doors
 - Roofing, gutters, and downspouts
 - Hardware
 - Attached decks and porches
- Interior finish elements, including:
 - Floor finishes (e.g., hardwood, ceramic, vinyl, linoleum, stone, and wall-to-wall carpet over subflooring)
 - Bathroom tiling and fixtures
 - Wall finishes (e.g., drywall, paint, stucco, plaster, paneling, and marble)
 - Built-in cabinets (e.g., kitchen, utility, entertainment, storage, and bathroom)
 - Interior doors
 - Interior finish carpentry
 - Built-in bookcases and furniture
 - Hardware
 - Insulation
- Utility and service equipment, including:
 - HVAC equipment
 - Plumbing fixtures and piping
 - Electrical wiring, outlets, and switches
 - Light fixtures and ceiling fans
 - Security systems
 - Built-in appliances
 - Central vacuum systems
 - Water filtration, conditioning, and recirculation systems

Excluded Costs

Items that can be excluded are those that are not directly associated with the building. The following list characterizes the types of costs that may be excluded:

- Clean-up and trash removal
- Costs to temporarily stabilize a building so that it is safe to enter to evaluate required repairs
- Costs to obtain or prepare plans and specifications
- Land survey costs
- Permit fees and inspection fees
- Carpeting and recarpeting installed over finished flooring such as wood or tiling
- Outside improvements, including landscaping, irrigation, sidewalks, driveways, fences, yard lights, swimming pools, pool enclosures, and detached accessory structures (e.g., garages, sheds, and gazebos)
- Costs required for the minimum necessary work to correct existing violations of health, safety, and sanitary codes
- Plug-in appliances such as washing machines, dryers, and stoves



Rick Holmes, CBO

Wayne Porter, CFM

Property address:				-
Owner name:	Phone ı	number:		_
Contractor:	Phone	number:		_
Contractor License number:	Contractor	r address:		-
	Email:			-
	Contro	actor Affidavit		
I hereby attest that I have persona the nature and extent of the work repairs, additions and any other fo	requested by the o	owner, including all impr		
At the request of the owner, I have owner for the repair of damage; I h I acknowledge that if, during the cowork described in the application, Services Department, which will building to determine if the work is permit and may subject the proper	nave prepared a co ourse of constructi that a revised cost re-evaluate its con s substantial impro	ost estimate to repair the on, the owner requests estimate must be provious mparison of the cost of wo ovement. Such re-evalua	e building to its p more work or mo ded to the Bay (work to the marke	re-damage condition. odification of the County Builders et value of the
I also understand that I am subject have made repairs or improvemen that work that were the basis for is	ts that were not in	cluded in the description		
Contractor's Signature		Print Name		Date
Notary required if not submitted i				
County of		20	, personally a	nnoarod
Before me this		, 20 eing duly sworn deposes		
understands and agrees to comply		• ,	aa 5a yo tato	, s
(stamp)				
			Signature, No	tary Public
			Print Name, N	lotary Public



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Wayne Porter, CFM

Property address:		
Owner name:	Phone number:	
Contractor:	Phone number:	
Contractor License number:	Contractor address:	
	Email:	
	Owner Affidavit	
further attest that I requested to work, including the contractor' construction, I decide to add m Department, will re-evaluate the determine if the work is substal and may subject the property to I also understand that I am sub- preveals that I have made repair	remodeling, repairs, additions, and any of the above-identified contractor to prepar's overhead and profit. I acknowledge the more work or to modify the work describe the comparison of the cost of work to the antial improvement. Such re-evaluation reto additional requirements. Diject to enforcement action and/or fines re or improvements that were not included that were the basis for issuance of a period of the above the province of a period of the above the province of a period of the above the action and the province of a period of the above the above the action and the province of a period of the above the above the action and the province of a period of the above the action and the province of a period of the above the action and the province of a period of the above the action and the province of the action action and the province of the action and the province of the action	are a cost estimate for all of the at if, during the course of ed, Bay County Building Services a market value of the building to may require revision of the permit if inspection of the property led in the description of work and
Contractor's Signature	Print Name	 Date
Notary required if not submitted State of County of Before me this understands and agrees to comply (stamp)	day of, 20, 20, 20, who being duly sworn deposes a y with all the aforementioned conditions.	, personally appeared and says that he/she has read, Signature, Notary Public
		Print Name, Notary Public





Property address:		
Owner name:	Phone number	
Contractor:	Lic:	
This and actionate of accessor access	h :	

This cost estimate of repairs must be signed by the contractor or by the owner if the owner acts as the contractor. Owners who act as their own contractors must estimate their labor cost at current market value for the work to be performed including construction supervision cost.

	Sub-contractor bids
	Bid amounts
1. Masonry / Concrete	
2. Carpentry Material (rough)	
3. Carpentry Labor (rough)	
4. Roofing	
5. Insulation and Weather-strip	
6. Exterior Finish	
7. Doors, Windows & Shutters	
8. Finish / Trim Carpentry	
9. Hardware	
10. Drywall	
11. Cabinets & Countertops	
12. Floor Covering	
13. Plumbing	
14. Shower / Tub / Toilet	
15. Electrical & Light Fixtures	
16. Concrete	
17. Built-in Appliances	
18. HVAC	
19. Paint	
20. Demolition & Removal	
21. Overhead and Profit	
22. Other:	
Subtotal	

	Contractor or owner estimates		
OR	Material costs	Labor costs	
	Total of -!!		
	Total of all		



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www.baycountyfl.gov

840 WEST 11TH STREET PANAMA CITY, FL 32401

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BAY COUNTY COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT

840 West 11th Street Room 2350 Panama City, Florida 32401 Telephone: (850) 248-8250 Fax: (850) 248-8267 Email: planning@baycountyfl.gov

Notice of Substantial Damage Determination

Dear [name of structure owner]:

Bay County has reviewed your recent application for a permit to repair the existing residential structure located at [0000 Some Street, Florida 324xx]. These repairs are required due to damage received from Hurricane Michael on October 10, 2018.

It has been determined that this structure is located within a mapped Special Flood Hazard Area on the Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM), Panel [xxxx, with an effective date of any day and year]. As required by our floodplain management regulations and building code, we have determined that the proposed repairs constitute Substantial Damage for the structure. This determination is based on a comparison of the cost estimate of the proposed cost of repairs to the pre-damage market value of the structure (excluding land value). When the cost of repairs equals or exceeds 50 percent of the pre-damage market value of the structure, the damages are considered Substantial Damage (Bay County has a 10 year cumulative substantial damage clause within its floodplain regulations).

As a result of this determination, you are required to bring the structure into compliance with the floodplain regulations found in Article II of Bay County Code of Ordinances and the current Florida Building Code.

There are several aspects that must be addressed to achieve compliance. The most significant requirement is that the lowest floor, as defined in the flood regulations/code, must be elevated to or above the base flood elevation (BFE) plus one foot on the FIRM. You may wish to contact your insurance agent to understand how raising the lowest floor higher than the minimum required elevation can reduce National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) flood insurance premiums.

Please resubmit your permit application along with plans and specifications that incorporate compliance measures to the Bay County Builders Services Division. Construction activities that are undertaken without a proper permit are violations and may result in citations, fines, or other legal action.

Sincerely,

Wayne Porter, CFM Floodplain Manager